

Newport Mercury

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The Newport Mercury
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THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1788, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-fourth year. It is the oldest newspaper in the United States, with less than half a century's experience. The oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, state, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments. Teaching so many households in this and other towns the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

Local Matters.

Society's Gayeties.

This has been an exceedingly busy week with Newport society people, balls, receptions, dancing parties, dinners, luncheons, etc., having been given in great profusion. Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden gave a comely-out ball at Fair Lawn Monday night in honor of their daughter, and Hon. and Mrs. Geo. Peabody Wetmore introduced their daughter with a similar affair at Chateau-sur-Mer, Tuesday night. Both these balls were events rather than incidents of the season, being among the most brilliant entertainments ever given here. The places were elaborately, yet tastefully, decorated, and the spacious grounds, provided with numerous tents, were beautifully illuminated. The German at the Burgens was led by Mr. John C. Furman with Miss Burden, and at the Wetmores by Mr. Thomas F. Cushing with Miss Wetmore. Pinard was the caterer and launders the decorator in each case.

An Excursion Week.

Newport has been visited by thousands of excursionists this week from all parts of New England. There were four large excursions here Wednesday—one by rail and three by steam boats—besides vast numbers brought by the regular line. Steamer City of Worcester, brought over 2,000 from New London and vicinity, steamer Mount Hope arrived about noon with a large party from Fall River and the Harris avenue Sunday school of Pawtucket came on steamer Pioneer and the Old Colony special brought many hundreds from different parts of Massachusetts. Thursday and Friday were almost equally prolific, there being an excursion over the Old Colony road on each of these days. As a result the street cars and drivers of hacks and drags have had a busy and profitable week.

For Cottage City.

The Old Colony Company will make an excursion to Cottage City tomorrow, running a special train to New Bedford and three transferring its passengers to special boat, the new steamer Gay Head. This will be an excellent opportunity for those desiring to visit Martha's Vineyard. The trip both by rail and by boat will be an exceedingly pleasant one and the fare to go and return is only \$1.25. The train will leave here at 8:30 a. m., and, returning, the boat will leave the Vineyard at 4 p. m. See advertisement on 5th page.

At the annual meeting of the Great Council of Rhode Island, Improved Order of Red Men, held in Providence last week, Mr. James H. Barney, of this city, was for the third time elected great representative to the Great Council of the United States, and Mr. John J. Peckham, of this city, was promoted from great junior saganore to great senior saganore.

Mr. John P. Canfield, formerly of this city, died at Cambridgeport, Mass., on Sunday. He remains were brought to this city for interment, services being held at the Belmont chapel Tuesday noon, under the direction of St. John's Lodge of Masons.

The Republicans will hold their primary meetings for the nomination of mayor, aldermen, school committee-men, etc., next Wednesday evening at the State House, and Thursday evening at the ward rooms for the nomination of common councilmen.

Councilman J. H. Comstock is intending to move the wooden school building that he recently purchased at auction to his lot on Bedlow avenue.

Lieutenant Howard, U. S. A., and Mrs. Howard have been visiting Major and Mrs. Theo. K. Gibbs on Gibbs avenue.

BOARD OF HEALTH MEETING.

Sanitary Questions Discussed at a Joint Meeting of the Aldermen and Board of Health.

There was a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen sitting as a Board of Health Monday afternoon with all members present. The meeting had been called at the request of Dr. Barker, president of the separate board of health, and all the members of the latter board were present with the exception of Dr. Turner. His Honor, Mayor Coggeshall, presided and introduced Dr. Barker who explained that he had requested the meeting that the two boards might talk over certain matters which he considered of vital importance to the city's health. He spoke of the poor condition of the water supply, the improper methods used in cleaning out the gravel catchers at the foot of the streets and the infrequency of flushing the sewers, as elements of great danger to the public health, and said that his Board felt that the matter should be brought before the Aldermen and steps taken to remedy the evil. He said that within a short time there had been a great change in the health of the city; that there was an unusual prevalence of diseases of the bowels which could not be laid to the weather, as many of the cases had come before hot weather; that the physicians had naturally looked about for the causes and had found the water supply had in appearance, taste and smell. To get at the extent of the purity or impurity of the water he said a careful analysis would have to be made, which he recommended to be done. Dr. Barker further recommended that the work of flushing the sewers be taken out of the hands of the inspector of nuisances—whose duties without it would be all that one man could possibly attend to well—and turned over to the Highway department.

Dr. Rankin spoke at considerable length on the condition of the city water, and estimated that about 15,000 persons were now using it. He said that there had been fifteen deaths from colera infantum this month, which might have been caused by the impurities of air or water, and expressed the opinion that the water was the principal cause. He also spoke of the streets in support of Dr. Barker's remarks, and of the collection and disposition of night soil and its dangers. He said that it had been found that most of our diseases are germ diseases and that the water and filth taken from the catch-basins of the city contained much organic matter, and gave it as his opinion that several of the deaths that had occurred here recently would not have occurred had the water supply been pure and the streets clean.

Ex-Alderman Cottrell thought that notice should be given to the public of the condition of the water and the importance of its being boiled before being drunk.

After some further talk and discussion the Board of Aldermen voted to transfer the work of flushing the sewers to the Highway Department and to authorize the separate board of health to do what they thought proper in the matter of notifying the public of the condition of the water and of obtaining an analysis of the water.

The Board of Health then adjourned and came together as a Board of Aldermen when an order for extending Central Court through to Mann avenue was passed and Messrs. William Allen, Howard Smith and L. L. Simmons were appointed the commissioners to lay out said extension, adjust the damages, etc., and report.

The will of the late Samuel Giles, it is understood, is to be contested. The heirs at law are quite numerous and include Mrs. Elizabeth Durfee, Mrs. Ann H. Lewis, and the children of the late Mrs. Sarah L. Denham, of this city; the children of the late Elizabeth Winslip and the children of the late Mary Burroughs, of Providence, and Mrs. Murphy, of Colchester, Conn.

The Rogers High School and Government nine opened the series of baseball matches for the pennants Wednesday. It was not a very exciting game, the High School boys winning by a score of 22 to 7.

The Shiloh Baptist church Sunday school went to Rocky Point Thursday for its annual picnic. The weather was perfect and the day was thoroughly enjoyed.

The new city pier at the lower end of the harbor and the improvements to Fort Greene are progressing rapidly under the direction of the committee on Public Property.

Benjamin B. Gardiner, Commandery, K. T., will attend the annual convocation of the Grand Commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island in Boston next month.

The heirs of the late Chas. H. Russell have sold 4,000 square feet of land on the northerly side of Carry street, to John Finn for \$600.

The National Tennis Tournament.

This week's tournament of the National Lawn Tennis Association has been one of the most successful in its history. The weather has been perfect for the play, the audiences have been large and interested and the number of entries—72—was unusually large, being 19 more than last year's. The prizes, too, were numerous and of high value.

The tournament opened Tuesday morning, with twelve courts ready for use, the grounds and everything about them were in the very finest condition possible, and a large concourse of cottagers and others was in attendance.

The summaries thus far are as follows:

FIRST DAY.

PROBATIONARY ROUND.

H. P. Hendrick beat A. L. Hives, 6-1, 6-0, 6-0.

S. T. Close beat W. B. Lane, 6-1, 6-1, 6-3.

R. F. Huntington, Jr., beat W. B. Barnes, 6-1, 7-5, 6-2.

John Harrison beat D. Kimball, by default.

H. J. Hovey beat W. P. Knapp, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4, 26-75.

L. R. Barker beat S. Henshaw, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3.

H. J. Blakely beat H. E. Emons, 6-4, 6-0, 7-5.

J. N. Nichols beat E. M. Church, 6-2, 6-0, 6-0.

FIRST ROUND.

E. L. Hall beat M. Fiedling, 6-2, 6-3, 3-6, 6-4.

C. A. Holman beat T. H. Borden, 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.

J. A. Hyerson beat M. Pratt, 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.

C. T. Lee beat H. T. Satterlee, 6-0, 6-1, 6-1.

S. McCormick beat N. N. Hooper, 5-7, 7-5, 6-1, 6-2.

W. F. Johnson beat S. Woodward, 6-2, 6-2.

V. G. Hall beat F. S. Pile, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1.

SECOND DAY.

FIRST ROUND.

H. A. Colby beat Rowland, 6-1, 4-6, 6-1, 6-1.

Chase beat Hendrick, 6-2, 6-2, 6-1.

Huntington won, by default.

Hovey beat Piner, 6-1, 6-3, 6-1.

Bixby beat Nichols, 6-4, 6-1.

SECOND ROUND.

H. A. Colby beat Hoppin, 1-6, 11-0, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3.

E. L. Hall beat S. McCormick, 6-4, 6-1, 6-4.

Hobart beat J. H. Borden, 6-1, 6-4, 6-3.

Ryerson beat Huntington, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.

Lee beat Jenkins, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.

Carroll beat Colby, 6-1, 6-4, 6-1.

V. G. Hall beat Stevens, 2-6, 2-4, 6-1.

Bears beat Orcutt, 6-1, 6-3, 2-6, 7-5.

Johnson beat Johnson, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4.

Smith beat Brown, 6-0, 6-4, 6-2.

Drowning Accident at Jamestown.

There was a sad drowning accident at Jamestown at an early hour last Sunday morning in which a man and a woman lost their lives. About 9:30 o'clock Saturday night Eugene Maloney and Manuel C. Gear, employees of the Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co., and Annie McCormick and Annie Bollea, employed as cook and laundress respectively at the Gardner House, started for Newport in a sail boat. The party reached this city in safety and after spending about half an hour here started on the return about midnight.

A stiff breeze was blowing and their boat leaked quite badly, but they succeeded in making the home trip and were sailing about searching for their moorings in the dark when the boat struck something supposed to be a lobster trap, and, staving a hole in her bottom, sank. Gear, who is a good swimmer, succeeded in getting himself and the fallen woman to another boat moored near by where they remained until daylight when they were taken ashore in safety. The other two, Maloney and the McCormick woman, were drowned, and the body of the latter was found upon the shore; Maloney's body was recovered yesterday noon. Maloney was a native of Newport and had worked for the Ferry Company several years; Mrs. McCormick belonged in Providence, where she leaves a young child.

The New Presbyterian Church.

Mr. J. D. Johnston has just completed a set of plans for the new Presbyterian church and if they are carried out in building the second ward will certainly be the possessor of one of the handsomest church edifices in the state. The plans call for a building Romanesque in architecture, measuring on the ground about 120x100 feet, built entirely of stone—granite with brownstone trimmings—and costing about \$50,000. The main entrance to the building is at the northwest corner at the base of a large square tower or steeple the top of which is to be 120 feet from the ground; there is another tower, smaller and round, 80 feet high, both these towers are to be stone to their very tops.

Inside the building there will be all the different apartments and conveniences necessary for church work. An auditorium with a seating capacity for 500; a Sunday school room that will seat 300, with four galleries for classes of about twenty-four pupils each; a young people's room, a ladies' parlor, minister's room, choir room, etc., and under the whole will be a basement about 30x50 feet with kitchen, dining room, closets, etc.

The building is to stand on the lot on Broadway and Cranston street, fronting on the little park on which is the soldiers and sailors' monument, and work is expected to be begun very soon.

Prize Polo Matches.

Some excellent polo matches were arranged to take place this week and next, and had the first Rockaway team fulfilled its obligations much of the old-time interest would undoubtedly have been recalled to this delightful sport. The match was for the Westchester Club cups, open to teams of four. The first game was played Tuesday afternoon and was very well contested. The contestants were Newports of Newport and Myopias of Boston and the game was won by the home team.

Thursday's game was to have been between the first Rockaways and the Country Club, of Westchester. Such well-known players as Foxhall Keene, J. E. Cowdin and W. Rutherford were to defend the honors of the Rockaway team and hence there was an old-time gathering of spectators to witness the play. But the Rockaways failed to put in an appearance and a practice game was substituted. Today the Country Club and Newports will play off the finals.

Some good playing is promised next week for the Consolation cup.

The Newport season for 1891 is rapidly nearing to its end. Well, it has been a gay one, and there are doubtless many tired enough to look longingly for its close.

The Sunday school of the Changing Memorial church held its annual picnic Tuesday at Southwick's Grove. There was a large attendance and an excellent time was enjoyed.

Miss Maud S. Bradley and Mr. Ernest Verela, of Washington, are visiting Miss Bradley's brother, Mr. James E. Bradley, on Church street.

The annual clambake of Charles E. Lawton Post, G. A. R., given at Maitland's Grove Tuesday, was largely patronized and greatly enjoyed.

The members of the Second Baptist Church Sunday school and their friends held a very enjoyable picnic at Vaucluse Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mayer, of Mahwah, N. J., have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Haremayor on Bellevue avenue this week.

Mrs. Francis Talbot has rented her cottage on Church street to Benj. H. Richards.

Democratic Nominations.

The Democrats of the city held their annual convention of ward delegates at the State House Monday evening and made their nominations for the city election, September 14th, as follows:

For Mayor—Samuel R. Hovey.

For Aldermen—L. Dalton E. Young, J. John Ward, John H. Coggeshall, J. S. Hazard, S. Daniel H. Feasting, J. John Waters.

For School Committee—A. S. Sherman, Rev. G. J. Magill, James Fleisher, Thomas A. Lawton.

For City Treasurer—D. M. Coggeshall.

Each ward was represented by its full quota of delegates, the places of absentees being filled, and the meeting was a very harmonious one, the nominations of mayor, aldermen and city treasurer being made by acclamation.

Resolutions were passed denouncing the rates of the water supply as extravagant and declaring it the duty of the city council to demand of the General Assembly the passage of an act appointing a commission to look into the matter with a view to regulating the rates by law.

A Deserved Compliment.

The Lisbon, North Dakota, Star says: "At hand rehearsal last evening Mayor Adams, in behalf of the First Regiment Band, presented Prof. Mathers with a handsome gold mounted ebony leader's baton. The professor was taken completely by surprise but responded in well chosen and appropriate terms expressive of his appreciation of the gift and his interest in the band."

Mr. J. Townsend Burden has begun the contemplated improvements to his Bellevue avenue estate recently purchased from Vice President Morton.

Messrs. Chas. H. Burdick & Co. are remodeling and greatly enlarging the stable and coach house and Messrs. McClean & Mason are building new greenhouses. It is probable that the present residence will be replaced by an elegant stone structure after the close of the present season.

The Town and Country Club held an exceedingly interesting meeting Wednesday afternoon at "Stonacore," the beautiful summer residence of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ellis. An address by Dr. Carl Lumboltz, upon his four years' residence among the cannibal tribes of Australia and his more recent visit to the Sierra Maestra was the feature of the meeting.

Mr. John B. DeBlois has greatly improved his business property on Broadway and Farewell street. In addition to a new plate-glass front and other improvements to his north store, he is having a sidewalk of the best Portland cement built along his entire front from the buildings to the curb. Mr. Wm. B. DeBlois is in charge of the work.

Grand Master Trumpler, Deputy Grand Master Henry T. Eaton accompanied by Grand Representative Eugene Lincoln and the board of grand officers, will visit Neptune Lodge, I. O. O. F., at Block Island today and remain over Sunday. They will leave here on the Mount Hope at 10:30, and will put up at the Ocean View Hotel.

Mr. James A. Eddy expects to have the new city pier about completed tonight. This pier, which is opposite Mr. Geo. A. Richmond's estate, is seven feet wide and extends out into the harbor 240 feet; the head of the pier for a distance of twenty feet is fourteen feet wide.

North Carolina is to have one of the longest electric railway lines in the world. It is to run from Asheville to Rutherfordton, a distance of forty-one miles. The power to operate the road is to be derived from water. The line is intended for both freight and passenger service.

A Western paper says: "A Moosehead woman induced her nephew to commit a thousand verses to memory to gain a reward in the form of a Bible. The boy traded the Bible for a gun and accidentally shot his aunt in the back. Retribution is surer than taxes."

The Laboring Men's Protective Union will celebrate Labor Day this year with a street parade in the morning and a ball at Odd Fellows' Hall in the evening. The date is Sept. 7.

Mr. Henry C. Riley, who carried on the merchant tailoring business in Newport for many years, died at his residence on May View avenue Sunday noon aged 70 years.

Miss Dorothy Clinton, of New York, is passing her vacation at the Ocean House.

Better Come Back and Settle.

(From the Providence Telegram.)

One of the most amusing experiences I have had for a long time was in the restaurant on the beach at Newport. I was very hungry at 2 p. m. and thought I would go in and get dinner. A group of people stood at the door, which was locked, but we could see the tempting articles of food through the windows. About forty persons were eating and when a few of them finished, a colored boy opened the door and let them out, but wouldn't let us in because he said the room was full. Finally I squeezed in and got a seat. After eating I tried to get out. The door was locked and I couldn't find the boy to open it, so I climbed out of a window.

GLENNAN FROM HISTORY.

Presented by James H. Swan.
Loyalists of the Revolution.

Ferdinand myth Stuart, of Maryland. The account is that he was a descendant of the Duke of Monmouth, natural son of Charles the Second. He studied at the University of Edinburgh, and emigrated to Maryland, where he was a physician and a planter. At the outbreak of the Rebellion he was commissioned a captain in a Virginia regiment, and thence to the Forty-Second Highlanders. Some time in the war he was taken prisoner, and kept in irons for eighteen months in Philadelphia. His estate of sixty-five thousand acres which he estimated to be worth \$241,000, was confiscated. For awhile the British government gave him an annual pension of \$300. After that compensation for his losses was withdrawn, he became very poor. He finally returned to England and settled in London. In November, 1811, he was run over by a carriage and killed. He left a widow in poverty, two sons and a daughter.

John Stuart, of South Carolina. He came to America with General Oglethorpe, at the settlement of Georgia. In 1763 he was appointed Superintendent of Indian affairs for the Southern department. Friends in South Carolina obtained that office for him, placed him in the council of the Province, and procured the donation of £1500 in money. In 1776 he formed a plan, in concert with the Royal Governors of Georgia and Florida, to land an army in the latter colony, and in alliance with the Loyalists and Indians, to assail the Whigs. Moses Kilgland was sent to General Gage, at Boston, to perfect a scheme of operations; but was fortunately captured with all his papers. Stuart himself fled to Florida. His wife and daughter remained in South Carolina, and were detained there by the Provincial congress, as hostages for his good behavior; but were allowed \$100 per month, for their support, to be reimbursed out of the profits of his estate, which was placed in the custody of commissioners. Mrs. Stuart, however, and the daughter, the daughter was sent to prison on suspicion of assisting her. The documents of a later period show that Mr. Stuart was an active, formidable opponent of the Whigs and their measures. In June, 1776, the committee of Intelligence of Charleston addressed to him two letters, in which they set forth the views entertained of him by the public, to which he replied very fully July 18th of that year at St. Augustine. The committee called his quitting South Carolina a precipitate departure; but he answered that he should "never consider it a most fortunate escape." They told him that his estate would be considered as a "security for the good behavior of the Indians;" to which remark he rejoined that it was "disagreeable that his all should be held by so precarious a tenure, and to 'hold his personal safety, and life itself, on such terms, would be more so.' He went to England, and died there before the peace. His wife was a Miss Fenwick; daughter of one of the richest men in South Carolina.

John Sullivan, a Lieutenant in Colonel Moyland's regiment; to whom, in an explanatory letter of 30th June, 1783, he says: "I abandoned my dearest connections at a tender age, to fight under American colors, in a critical period, and when affairs were equally balanced." He and a Captain Garberry were ringleaders in the revolt of the American troops in Pennsylvania, in June 1783, and in their march upon Congress. On the failure of the mutiny, "these officers immediately escaped to Chester, and there got on board a vessel bound to London.

Jacob Syphers, of Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was a Tory, and in the course of his business became well acquainted with the country, and with the roads through it. Lord Cornwallis on ascertaining this fact, employed him as a "Land Pilot" for his army, at one hundred dollars per month. While thus serving the Crown, his brothers, who were on the popular side, wrote him from home not to return, as his neighbors had declared that they would shoot him, if he was got sight of. He followed this advice, and in the latter part of the war lived on Long Island, New York. At the peace he retired to Nova Scotia, where he received a grant of land. He was extremely fond of gardening and sent to Pennsylvania for fruit-trees, which, under his skillful training bore excellent fruit. In his old age he removed to Eastport, Maine, and lived with his grandchildren until his decease, in 1849, aged ninety-two. He was a devoted man, and his estate was confiscated as "Jacob Cypher."

Hugh Tallant, of Pelham, New Hampshire. In 1776 the committee of Inspection of that town declared that he was an enemy to his country, and ordered, on "peril of his life" that he should confine himself to his own farm. He "deliberately and willingly signed" a paper which contained this restriction, but afterwards "insulted the committee to the utmost that words could express," and appealed to the Provincial congress for a new trial. His request was granted. The second hearing of his case was before the committee of three towns, who not only affirmed the first sentence, but directed that he should give sureties to comply with it, and pay the costs of proceedings against him, or be committed to close jail. He was entrusted for a single night, to the care of Samuel Little, of Hamstead, and escaped. The Pelham committee in publishing the facts, denounce Little as "a rescuer and deliverer of a Tory in his villany," and caution all persons to forbear dealing and intercourse with either—the one, in their opinion, being as great a foe to truth and liberty as the other.

Tawse, Captain of a company of Loyalist Dragoons. In the siege of Savannah, 1793, his command was disbanded and he was posted in a redoubt. He slew three of his foes with his own hand, and was himself killed in defending the gate, while his sword was in the body of his third victim.

John Taylor, of New Jersey, Sheriff of Monmouth county. A gentleman of great wealth. Born in 1716. When Lord Howe arrived to offer terms of reconciliation, he appointed Mr. Taylor "His Majesty's Lord High Commissioner for New Jersey." This office, as well as the fact that all his children adhered to the Crown and were in the British army, made him very obnoxious to the Whigs. He was, indeed,

tried for his life, but acquitted. His property was applied to public use, but not confiscated, since he was paid for it in Continental money; yet, such was the depreciation of that currency, that payment was little better than forfeit.

He died at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, in 1788, aged eighty-two. His daughter Mary, who, born in 1718, married Doct. r Abalom Bainbridge, was the mother of William and Joseph Bainbridge, Post Captains in the United States Navy.

Robert Temple, of Massachusetts. In 1776 he took passage at Boston for London, but the vessel in which he embarked proving leaky, the captain put him at Plymouth, Massachusetts, to reef. While at Plymouth, on May 31, 1776, Mr. Temple addressed the following letter to the Committee of Safety:—

Robert Temple, of Ten Hills, near Charlestown, New England, do declare that I have received no injury to my property, nor have I been under any apprehensions of danger to either my person or property from the troops that are under the command of General Howe, and that it is a fact that I have been threatened, seized for my name, and that not only my own judgment, but that of my friends, and almost the whole of the town where I lived, made it necessary for me to fly from my home. I am confident that this is owing to the wickedness of a few, who have prejudiced some short-sighted people against me, who live too far from my abode to be acquainted with my proper character. I am convinced in this opinion from the kind protection my wife and family have received, and continue to receive from General Ward, as well as from the sentiments which the Committee of Safety have been pleased to entertain of me.

He was at New York, August 13, 1776, and Sir William Howe asked Washington if he had any objection to his landing and proceeding thence to Massachusetts. He was represented as a "high-flying Tory," he was made prisoner at Plymouth, and sent to the camp at Cambridge. His papers were also secured, and among them were found several letters from officers of the Royal army at Boston to friends at home. He arrived in Bristol, England, with his family August, 1780, and gave such an account of the "Dark Day," to the Loyalists there, as to convince them that the wonders of which they had heard were "literally true." It appears that the ship on which he was a passenger sailed under a flag of truce. He died in England before the close of the war.

[To be continued.]

CITY BRIEFS.

Journal of Newport and Newporters.

Mr. E. W. Gould, of Staten Island, has been in town this week.

Miss Hattie Hayes is visiting her grandmother in Bath, Me.

Dr. Kate Stanton is visiting her brother, Dr. N. G. Stanton.

Mr. Thos. Hitchcock, Jr., of the polo club has been in town this week.

H. D. Spooner is still confined to his residence but is improving slowly.

The fall term of the public schools will begin two weeks from Monday next.

The owners of the schooner Nickerson have just received another dividend of \$4.75.

Admiral Case is having improvements made to his cottage on Catherine street.

Mrs. William Bailey and Miss Bailey are enjoying a few weeks at Bethlehem, N. H.

Capt. E. O. Matthews, U. S. N., was one of the naval board to inspect the Bennington.

Rev. G. W. Hunt, of the Thames street M. E. church, has returned from his vacation.

This has been a good week with the summer hotels, the Ocean House and the Aquidneck.

Steam yacht Vivienne went ashore Tuesday in Little Narragansett bay while in charge of a pilot.

The young gentlemen's drag hunts continue to attract many riders and large crowds of spectators.

Now that one of the great parties has made its nominations we shall hear more about city politics.

Gunner Joseph Swift, U. S. N., formerly on the New Hampshire is in town, the guest of Mr. J. E. Bradley.

Mrs. Robert S. Chase, of Middletown, is critically ill, and the doctor has but little hope of her recovery.

Mr. A. C. Smith, of Appleton, Wis., has been in town this week, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Walter N. Hill.

Bishop Potter will officiate at the Berkeley Memorial chapel—St. Columba—tomorrow, Sunday, at 4:30 p. m.

The Misses Estelle, Edith and Mabel Thatcher, of Providence, are visiting Mrs. Joseph S. Cottrell on Spring St.

The White Squadron, which spent Sunday in the outer harbor, sailed for Boston at an early hour Tuesday morning.

Last Saturday's rainfall was most welcome in this vicinity, the only fault to be found with it being its short duration.

The earnings of the Newport street railroad this month show a large increase over the corresponding month last year.

[illegible]

Insures Perfection

For the Children.

No Night There—A Story of Little Benny.

"And the gates of it shall not be shut at all by day; for there shall be no night there," said the preacher solemnly. Little Benny heard every word as he stood in the dark corner of the great church, where he had been attracted by the warm and quiet. It was Friday night. The usual lecture followed by prayer meeting was just over. The bells had sounded the hour of nine. The people were coming out, and Benny must be on the move also. So he shouldered his bundle of papers unthinkingly and slowly crept away down the steps. On the lower one he paused and looked into the cold sky above him, thinking as he did so of that country where there is no night.

Where he lived all was darkness, and oh how he did dread the night time, for it brought to him nothing but blows and cruel words. But up in heaven where his mother was, there was no night, and oh how beautiful it must be. He sighed as he thought of it all over then in a moment more, he remembered his mother's face, and uttered his little prayer.

"Ere's your father, I lock. Evening edition. Two cents."

A lady patted his head just then, and looked into his face intently.

"No dear, I don't wish for any," as he held out to her, "but you are rather late with your papers 'ere' you go."

What may your name be, my little fellow?

"I doffed my ragged cap instantly. His mother had taught him that act of politeness, and he always did so with a look into the kind eyes above him.

"Benny Hobart, ma'am."

"Where do you live?"

"In Skinner's alley, up four flights, back room," said Benny, a flush stealing over his face at the mention of his home.

"Have you a mother, Benny?"

"No ma'am, she's dead. I live with Granny Becket. Cold night isn't it, ma'am?" and Benny shivered in his ragged jacket.

The lady drew her warm fur cloak closer. "Very," she said. "You must run home as soon as you have sold your papers. Good night."

"Good night, ma'am," and Benny shuffled away.

"There is a chance to do good, Ruth," some one said to the lady still looking after the little slight figure going down the street.

"A cup of cold water, you know," added the girl.

"Yes, I know," answered Ruth, "but I must speak to father about that child," she said, as she hurried on to overtake her companions. Five minutes afterward down on C— street, sounded a shrill cry. There was a quick back of horses, and some one lifted a still limp form in his arms, and carried it up four flights of stairs to a back room in Skinner's alley.

"He can't live," said the doctor, "certainly not more than three or four days. But internally, I'll do what I can, however."

"Yes," said the doctor, "the child is a child, and the sturdy horses and heavy cart which had been the unconscious means of shortening the life of little Benny, and was soon forgotten."

Three days after, Ruth Darol slowly picked her way up the rough stairs of the old tenement house, in search of little Benny. She had come to offer him a better home, with food and love in plenty; but along the narrow stairs, and in the cold air, she had found the little Benny, and was soon forgotten.

The presence of that shadowy messenger of human aid availed nothing. The matrons had had swung back the lock some time before her eager hand grasped it, and the old room had one other than old Benny Becket, bending over the little body.

Ruth Darol went up to him, though well she knew she had come too late, and that the sun set he would be welcomed by One who had himself borne the point of thorns upon his brow, and knew just how hard the lot of the little child had been. So she bent down tenderly.

"Benny," she said softly, "Benny, do you remember me?"

"Indeed, miss, he's often spoken of the kind lady, and her pleasant good night," said old Benny Becket. "He's not the lad to forget," she added, her half-dividing hair the stranger might be.

Benny moved wearily.

"No night there," he murmured, "and the gates are never shut." Miss Darol stroked his forehead gently, her eyes filled with tears. "Poor boy!" she whispered. "I have come too late. I heard of the accident on my way up stairs. Had I known of it before I would have come sooner, and you should have known good care for a little while, to say the least."

But Benny was now unimpaired of tenderness or pity.

"I'm going up to heaven," said the little child, "where the gates are never shut for there isn't any night there!"

"He's talked about that ever since he was hurt," said Benny Becket, in an awed tone. "The preacher said so in church one evening and he heard him, it seems."

"Yes, I remember," said Ruth, tearfully.

"You remember?" said Benny, catching the last word, and lifting his eyes to her face. "You remember? Well, I'm going where there isn't any night!" Then he turned on his pillow away from Miss Darol and Benny Becket, and all was still. Little Benny had gone home to his mother in the glad brightness of everlasting day!

Silently and slowly Ruth Darol left the old house in Skinner's alley, after making the necessary arrangements for the burial of the little child, whom her love and protection had come too late, and when on the next day she watched the sod cover the still cold breast, and wondered how long it would be ere she would again meet Benny, not as a poor newsboy, afraid of cruel words and harsh blows, but as a tenderly guarded lamb of Christ's fold, and there stole into her mind these words, making her strangely quiet:

"Behold I say unto you, Watch; Let the door be open to thee."

In your home! In the child before the dawn, Between the night and morning, Tarry come!

The day of big advertising has come, and thousands of thousands of dollars are spent merely to introduce an article. It is estimated that a certain tobacco firm now monopolizing the Philadelphia papers will spend about \$45,000 in this city alone for advertising. Does it pay you ask? Oh, yes; in about two or three years the returns justify the expense. Skilful advertising agent the other day: "If an article requires \$40,000 worth of advertising, and a man spends just \$30,000, then gets a big order and stops, it's more than likely that his \$30,000 is thrown to the winds. If he'd spent his other \$10,000 everything would have moved smoothly and his returns been commensurate."—[Music and Drama.]

The only reason why sliding down hill is so nice is because it is such hard work to pull the sled up.



THE PROPAGATION OF ROSES.

The Four Methods by Cutting, Budding, Grafting and Layering.

The four methods used in propagating roses—by cutting, by budding, by grafting and by layering—rank in importance in the order named. Ellwanger, in his work, "The Rose," considers these as follows:

Plants grown from cuttings are most useful for general purposes, and the greater number of choice varieties can be grown in this way without difficulty, but there are some kinds which part with difficulty; these sorts can only be profitably grown by budding or grafting. Cuttings can be made at any time of the year. The sorts most difficult to root are the varieties of moss, most of the summer roses, and certain varieties of hybrid remontants belonging to the Jules Margottin, Baronne Prevost and Princess Rothschild families. All of the tea and monthly roses, with few exceptions, root and grow freely from cuttings. Besides using green wood, some propagators make cuttings from hard wood—that is, shoots thoroughly ripened, taken in the autumn. Most cuttings are always made from wood taken in autumn, and the various varieties of prairie roses are often grown in this way.

By budding are grown varieties difficult to root from cuttings. Varieties like Baroness Rothschild, Mabel Morrison, Marquise de Castellane, Mme. Boll, Marguerite de St. Amande, etc., are as yet almost indispensable, but no nurseryman would long grow them from cuttings. There is another class of roses often advantageously grown by budding; these are varieties of moderate growth like A. K. Williams, Horace Vernet, Mme. Victor Merlier, Mlle. Eugenie Verlier, Marie Baumann, Xavier Olivo, etc. Budded plants are not desirable for inexperienced amateurs, since novices do not detect the suckers which, not infrequently, come up from the roots, and if not cut away ultimately choke the plant. Budded plants are also more frequently killed by severe winters than plants on their own roots.

Propagating by grafting is profitable when done in winter under glass. Propagating by layering is a slow method and but little used.

Fuchsias as Climbers.

There is certainly no purpose for which many species and varieties of fuchsias are better suited or in which their beauty is seen to greater advantage than when they are used to clothe the rafters and pillars of the greenhouse. So general is the practice of growing them as ordinary bush plants in pots that one rarely sees this method of cultivating them adopted, nor does it seem to be known how well it is adapted to their style of growth and to the display of their graceful, pendulous flowers. One of the most beautiful effects is obtained by thus training several species and varieties of fuchsias.



THE WINDSOR CHERRY.

Notable among the newer cherries of this sort is the Windsor, a seedling originated by Mr. James Duggall, of Windsor, Canada. Its fruit is large and liver colored, and resembles somewhat Tradescant's black heart, ripening three or four days later than that variety. The flesh is remarkably firm and of rich quality. The tree is prolific and hardy. For market and for family use this is generally pronounced a valuable addition to the list of late varieties.

The Verbena Mildew.

The verberna mildew has been very successfully combated at the Cornell experiment station with a solution of water in water of potassium sulphide, at the rate of a quarter of an ounce to the gallon. The plants were occasionally sprayed with the fungicide, and while traces of the disease still appear at times, it is rendered practically harmless. This preparation has also been applied to cucumbers infested with the same or a similar fungus with very satisfactory results.

Mulching Lawns.

Thin, weak lawns, which scorch and turn brown with the heat of the sun, may be much benefited by leaving the cut grass on the lawn. The grass cuttings will soon wither and disappear, forming a beneficial mulch to the roots of the grass. This practice may be continued to the end of August. Grass that is constantly being cut soon shows signs of weakness unless helped in some way.

Flower and Fruit Notes.

Bed the callas out during the summer in good soil, thus checking their growth and giving them a season of rest.

The Duchess of Albany is a rose that has many advocates.

The best way to water a hanging basket is to plunge it into a tub of water until it is thoroughly soaked.

The fruit products of the United States exceed \$150,000,000 annually.

July is a good month to prune the azalea, as this gives the plants time to make new wood and set their buds, says a California grower.

A deep loam and a sandy soil are suited to the cherry.

Fine, rich compost is an excellent fertilizer for flowers.

Peach hoppers ought to be hunted up and destroyed.

Cannas require rich soil and plenty of water.

MONEY.

Charles A. Daley was arrested last evening for stealing from the drug store of Sheffield, a bottle of Sulphur Bitters. Before the court this morning, Daley was asked why he should steal, he stated that his mother was troubled with rheumatism, and that it was the only medicine that helped her, and being out of money and work he stole the bottle. As this was his first offense he was put on probation.—[Newark News.]

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.



PRUNING SHRUBS.

The English Idea as Expressed in Gardening Illustrated.

Separate the shrubs with which you intend to deal into those grown principally for flowering, many of which are deciduous, and those grown for their evergreen or ornamental foliage. Probably the majority of shrubs make their flower growth the previous year; consequently to cut back late in autumn or before flowering takes place in spring, simply destroys the whole of the season's flowers. As soon as possible after flowering is over prune all shrubs belonging to this class. Thin the branches where crowded and remove the old wood that has borne the flowers to make room for the growth of new shoots for the succeeding year. Forsythias, Deutzias, Weigelas, shrubby spiraeas, genets, lilacs, viburnums and many others may be so treated.

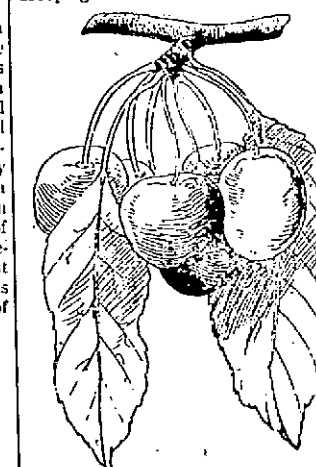
Berberis Darwinii may be kept somewhat dwarf and yet flower freely if it is planted young and if the leading growths are shortened. The growth of rhododendrons cannot be cut away without reducing the number of flowers for the next year. On the other hand, if allowed to grow thickly in clumps without cutting, the inner and under growths soon have to succumb to the stronger ones.

Hardy azaleas do not grow so strongly as rhododendrons; consequently they are not so difficult to keep within bounds. Pruning is but little required. The same remarks apply to Scabris, Kalmias and Pieris (Andromeda) floribunda.

Most of the evergreen and ornamental foliage section may with advantage be cut over occasionally in summer, or they may be pruned as each subject requires according to the position which it is meant to occupy. In mixed shrubbery borders each plant should have sufficient room, and those in the front line should be a dwarf growing character, or such as can be kept dwarf without being unsightly. Pruning should all be done with the knife or special shears for the purpose.

A Valuable Cherry.

Cherries of the Bigarreau class are distinguished from the heart cherries by their firmer flesh. The trees are of vigorous growth, with spreading branches and foliage that is soft, luxuriant and drooping.



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Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

"August Flower"

How does he feel?—He feels cranky, and is constantly experimenting, dieting himself, adopting strange notions, and changing the cooking, the dishes, the hours, and manner of his eating.—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels at times a gnawing, voracious, insatiable appetite, wholly unaccountable, unnatural and unhealthy.—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels no desire to go to the table and a grumbling, fault-finding, over-nicety about what is set before him when he is there.—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He feels after a spell of this abnormal appetite an utter abhorrence, loathing, and detestation of food; as if a mouthful would kill him.—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?—He has irregular bowels and peculiar stools.—August Flower the Remedy.

The Indigestible Notes.

A Prussian army officer stationed at Berlin, frequently had occasion to borrow money from an accommodating local friend, who only charged three or four per cent. a month. As a good thing the officer, Baron von Pump, was able to meet his obligations, but on the occasion to which we allude he was not able to do so.

Moses Levy was promptly on hand to collect the money. He called on the Baron von Pump in his room and presented the note.

"Moses, I have heretofore always been able to meet my note, but I have no money to pay this one. You will have to wait." "I don't wait at all. You won't don't pay dot note right away. I goes and prings dot note a shuntin' of der peace before, and sees you on der spot."

Baron von Pump quietly locked the door and put the key in his pocket, where upon Moses' legs began to wobble about and his eyes to protrude with anxiety, for he was afraid of personal violence at the hands of his creditor. The Baron produced a pistol, and focused the unhappy Levy with it.

"Now, Mr. Judea Levant, you take that note of mine and cut it." "Schneral, I was shoost jukin' mit you; I can wait as long as you want."

"I can take a joke as well as anybody, and it is your turn to take a choke. Chew up that note and swallow it, or you are a dead man!" and the officer pressed lightly on the trigger.

In vain did Moses protest that he didn't feel like eating; that he was in no hurry for his money.

"Down with it!" thundered the officer.

Although Moses was in no danger of perishing for lack of food, he clearly perceived that he might prolong his life by the collation to which he was cordially invited. He chewed up the note, principal and interest and crunched out his back managed to get it down.

"Now you can go and bring suit on that note, if you feel like it. Perhaps the clerk of the court will put you on file when you tell him where the note is," said Baron von Pump.

A few days afterwards the Baron received some money from home, with which he promptly paid Moses what was coming to him.

"Schneral, do next time ven you wants some monies, shoost come to your old friend, Moses Levy, who will never go back on you."

"All right, Moses. Next time I need money I'll let you know."

Not long afterwards Baron von Pump needed still more money, and notified Moses to bring the amount desired to his room, having counted over the amount, the officer took a sheet of paper and began to write out his note at ninety days for the amount.

"If you please Schneral, shoost put dot right away. I could not have dot," and from under his coat he drew forth a large cake of gingerbread.

"Now, you shoost write dot note out on dot gingerbread, so ven I has to eat him again I will not suffer so much as I did ven I swallowed dot oder note."

Rural Editor.

"Have you finished the editorial on the mistakes of the young German Emperor?"

Assistant: "Yes; just got through."

"Did you write an article on the Italian question?"

"Yes; got up a column of good advice to the King of Italy."

"Good to hear that. We'll send him a copy. What else did you write?"

"A long editorial on finances."

"Good. That will fill the page. Now let's go out and see if we can borrow a dollar."

It Worked.

Base—"That was a most remarkable thing that happened to Jones."

Cass—"What was that?"

Base—"Why, he was gray as a badger, you know, and seeing the advertisement of some hair restorer or other, he bought a bottle, and in a month's time he hadn't a gray hair in his head."

Cass—"You don't mean it. Remarkable cure."

Base—"Yes, sir, not a gray hair in his head. He was perfectly bald."

Happy Hoppers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Exeter, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling coming from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Bile and Liver medicine I ever used. It has cured me of my troubles, and I feel like a new man."

There is nothing for which a man has to pay so dear as he does for the privilege of being stingy.

Financial.

8% FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS

On Improved Real Estate within city limits, negotiated by A. M. PECKHAM, West Superior, N.H. 6-23-610.

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Trust Company,

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A DIVIDEND OF 2-1/4 per cent. on Participation Accounts for the past six months is payable after August 16.

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SAMUEL P. COLE, President. J. M. ADDEMAN, Treasurer.

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On furniture, pianos, organs, Savings Bank books, diamonds, watches, horses, carriages, machinery, libraries. Highest cash paid for old gold, silver, spoons, broken jewelry, etc.

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Loan and Trust Co.

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PAID CAPITAL, \$500,000.

We offer land, buildings, guaranteed mortgages, yielding SIX PER CENT. and National Bonds.

We handle no securities which we have not carefully examined and cannot fully recommend.

We refer to JOHN P. SANBORN of this paper, and to over 50 Trust and Insurance Companies, Colleges and Savings Banks. Send for full particulars.

Bankers—Bank of New York, N.B.A. Trustee—The Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

Caswell, Massey & Co

have just received a new lot of

SACHETS,

including their new perfume,

DOUBLE VIOLET

—AND—

White Heliotrope

The Celebrated Toilet

NO. 6 COLOGNE

In Plain and Fancy Bottles

Also a full line of

Fancy Goods.

each at

Fine Cut Glass Bottles,

Nail Toilets,

Fancy Mirrors,

Bon-Bon Boxes,

Traveling Cases,

etc., etc.

ASTHMA CURED?

A SINGLE BOTTLE OF

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE

will cure you of

Furniture.

HAZARD & HORTON,
42 CHURCH ST.
Have a nice line of
Polished Top Tables from \$1.50 up.
Also a nice line of
Bookcases, Chamber Suits, Parlor Tables,
Screens and Chairs.
Our prices are as low as the lowest. Call and
examine our stock.

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CARPETS

—AT—
M. Cottrell's.
NEW STYLES IN
Chamber Furniture
NEW LINE OF
PAPER HANGINGS.
Furniture of all Descriptions
Carpets, Oil Cloths and
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M. COTTRELL,
COTTRELL BLOCK.
11-14 Next to the Post Office.

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**Odd Sized Picture
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At HALF-PRICE.

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—AND—
12 Broadway.

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—AND—

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The popular and reliable Clothiers, again pre-
sent for inspection a stock of
MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS'
—AND—
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
—IN THE—
LATEST STYLES
—AND AT—
LOWEST PRICES.

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Fall River, Mass.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

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ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET.

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats a
specialty.
Liveries of every description made to order.

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-23

MEN'S

FLANNEL SUITS

JUST RECEIVED

Our full line of men's

YACHT

—AND—

Flannel Goods

In prices from

\$7.50 to \$16.

For the Grand Army—we can do
you good in

GRAND ARMY SUITS.

We have the

and BEST

Variety

—OF—

Straw Hats

we ever offered.

218 & 220 Thames-st.

J. E. Seabury.

—AND—

CLOTHING!!

I would call attention to my stock of

OVERCOATS,

—AND—

SUITS,

which is the largest and best I have ever
had. Also a large stock of

NECKWEAR

Just received.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

189 THAMES STREET.

Special Bargains!

For the next 30 days we offer our entire
line of

Fall and Winter Woollens

Comprising the best goods and styles to be
found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 10
percent less than our regular prices. This
we do in order to make room for our Spring
and Summer styles, which we will receive
about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of
our goods to be the best and to give general
satisfaction.

McKENNAN BROTHERS,

184 Thames Street,
MERCURY BUILDING.

NEW

Spring Woollens.

Pony Team

Value \$1,000.00.

HENRY D. SPOONER

200 THAMES STREET.



The Wisest of All
Nations Agree It Is
**THE GREATEST CHEW
ON EARTH**
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Miscellaneous.

W. F. Spingler

HAS AT HIS STORE,

No. 146 BELLEVUE AVENUE,

A Fine assortment of

Artistic Wall Papers

In the latest coloring from 20c. per roll.

Also, English Muslin for Curtains,

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A large assortment of

UPHOLSTERING GOODS

—FOR—

Furniture Coverings and Curtains.

I would be pleased to have you call and ex-
amine my goods and prices.

No. 146 BELLEVUE AVENUE,

Corner DeBols Court.

No. 19 FRANKLIN STREET.

Christmas Goods.

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DEC. 9.

Fine Imported Chocolate and other
Confectionery from Mr. Frank
Sobrick, supplier to the Im-
perial Court of Germany.

—AND—

Imported French and German

Baskets

of the finest patterns are to be sold at very low
prices at

S. Koschny's,

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Extra Inducement

TO PUT

KIN CHUN

TEA

Before the People

WE BEHAL

GIVE AWAY

THE HANDSOMEST

Pony Team

Value \$1,000.00.

John B. DeBlois & Son.

Is the Country.

Children Cry for

WATERBURY'S

WATERBURY'S

WATERBURY'S

WATERBURY'S

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WATERBURY'S

WATERBURY'S

WATERBURY'S

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PUBLIC LAWS OF RHODE ISLAND.

Passed at the July Session, A. D. 1891.

CHAPTER 1021.
(Passed July 18, 1891.)
AN ACT "OF PROCEEDINGS IN THE Nature of
Quo Warranto."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as fol-
lows:

SECTION 1. The title to any office, to de-
termine the right of quo warranto lies at the
discretion of the court, and shall be brought in ques-
tion in equity.

SECTION 2. In any proceeding upon writ of quo
warranto, or by information or by petition in
equity in the nature of quo warranto, the court may
determine the title of the petitioner or
petitioner as well as that of the respondent;
and, in any such case, the court may, in its
discretion, determine the title of the petitioner or
petitioner as well as that of the respondent;
and, in any such case, the court may, in its
discretion, determine the title of the petitioner or
petitioner as well as that of the respondent;

SECTION 3. In all such proceedings the court
shall enforce its judgment by appropriate pro-
cess, and when the title of the petitioner or
petitioner is determined, the court may, in its
discretion, determine the title of the petitioner or
petitioner as well as that of the respondent;

SECTION 4. All acts and parts of acts in con-
sistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect immedi-
ately.

CHAPTER 1022.
(Passed August 6, 1891.)
AN ACT in amendment of Chapter 220 of the
Public Statutes, entitled "Of Partitions."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as fol-
lows:

SECTION 1. Whenever many suits for partition
of real estate in equity it shall be lawful for the
court to appoint one or more commissioners to
hear and determine the same, and to make a
report thereon to the court, and the court may
thereupon proceed, and if such person or persons
shall be appointed, they shall be sworn to do
duty faithfully, and to make a true and correct
report to the court.

SECTION 2. The court shall take effect immedi-
ately.

CHAPTER 1023.
(Passed August 6, 1891.)
AN ACT in amendment of Chapter 220 of the
Public Statutes, entitled "Of Partitions."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as fol-
lows:

SECTION 1. That section six of an act en-
titled "An Act relating to Life and Casualty
Insurance on the Assessment Plan," passed at the
January Session of the General Assembly,
A. D. 1888, be amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 6. Every corporation organized and
incorporated under the laws of this State, and
authorized to issue policies of certificates of life or
casualty insurance on the assessment plan, as a
condition precedent to transacting business, shall
in this State, shall be required to file with the
commissioner a certified copy of its charter; a
statement under oath of its president and sec-
retary, showing the number of policies issued, and
the amount of premiums received, for the pre-
ceding year; a certificate under oath of its
president and secretary, showing the number of
policies issued, and the amount of premiums re-
ceived, for the twelve months next preceding, and
the maximum amount named in its policies;
and a statement under oath of its president and
secretary, showing the number of policies issued,
and the amount of premiums received, for the
preceding year; a certificate under oath of its
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preceding year; a certificate under oath of its
president and secretary, showing the number of
policies issued, and the amount of premiums re-
ceived, for the twelve months next preceding, and
the maximum amount named in its policies;

SECTION 2. The provisions of this act shall
apply to those companies which have been
previously incorporated in this State, and to those
which may hereafter be incorporated, and which
shall have completed seven successive
years of service.

SECTION 3. Any corporation which shall
have served as such in the active militia of
this State for five consecutive years, and which
shall have completed seven successive
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SECTION 4. The provisions of this act shall
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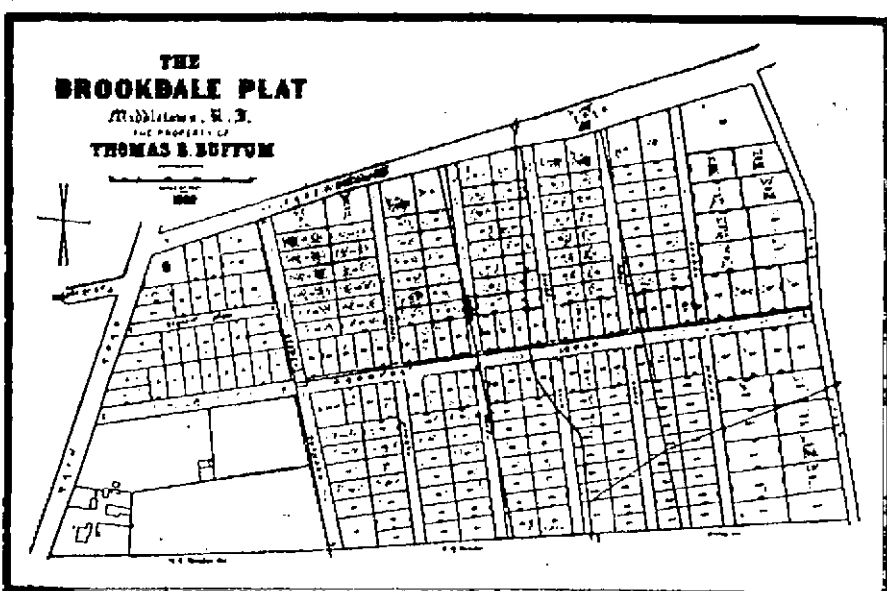
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SECTION 42. The provisions of this act shall
apply to those companies which



BROOKDALE PLAT

(BUFFUM FARM.)
Now is the time for parties having money to invest in wanting to secure a lot for present or future use. These lots are finely located, being only a few minutes' walk from the electric cars and must double in value in from three to five years, thus paying from 20 to 30 per cent. on the investment. Taxes only \$5 on the \$1,000. Further information may be had at office of

DANIEL WATSON, Sole Agent,
235 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Where large plat can be seen and arrangements made to visit the premises. Prices from 2-1/2 to 5 cents a foot.
Parties at a distance should write for information at once.



SPECIAL
Mid Summer
Bargains,
Boys' Suits
At \$2.00.
Age 5 to 13 years.
Co. and 75c.
STRAW HATS
At 25c.
BLAZERS
At \$2.50.

ROUTING AND TENNIS GOODS
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
208 THAMES STREET, 208

Newport County News

MIDDLETOWN.

COURT OF PROBATE.—The Court of Probate met at the Town Hall on Monday, when all the members were in attendance.

The report of the Commissioners on the estate of William Henry Smith was received and ordered recorded. The first account of William Smith, the Administrator thereon, was referred to the third Monday of September and notice ordered thereon.

The first and final account of John Peckham, as Administrator on the estate of Charles Peckham was examined and allowed and recorded.

An account of the Executors of Robert S. Chase with the estate of John Peckham was continued to the third Monday of September for further consideration.

TOWN COUNCIL.—More than ordinary interest attached to the meeting of the Town Council by reason of the two important matters which came before this meeting for determination, viz: the awarding of a contract for crushing 5000 tons of stone, and the exemption from taxation of all the water pipes and mains which the Newport Water Works may hereafter lay down within the municipal limits of Middletown. Most of the session of the Council was occupied in the consideration of these two matters, which terminated in the Council making some very radical departures from former practices and customs.

Charles H. Ward, Town Treasurer, submitted his official bond in the sum of \$20,000 with Isaac A. Sherman, John B. Ward and Gilbert L. Ward as sureties, which bond was approved and ordered on file.

The Collector of Taxes, Joel Peckham, was directed to give bond to the Town Treasurer in the sum of \$17,000 with Charles Peckham and James Anthony as sureties.

Accounts against the town to the amount of \$35 were allowed and ordered paid from the treasury.

Nathaniel H. Peckham and Thomas J. Sherman were drawn grand jurors and David H. Peabody, James W. Peckham, Melville Bull and Orlando M. Smith, were drawn petit jurors to serve at the September term of the Supreme Court.

Only two bids within the terms of the call for proposals for crushing and carting stone were received. One from Gardner C. Luther, of Swansea, Mass., to crush and convey from crusher for \$1 per ton, and one from Henry A. Thorndike, to cart from crusher for 15 cents per ton of 2,000 pounds and 20 to 100 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds. Messrs Brown & Howard submitted a proposal to deliver crushed stone in an open wagon for \$1.15 per ton, or to furnish the same at their crusher, in Newport, for \$1.10 per ton. The proposal of Mr. Luther was accepted and contract awarded to him to be delivered as soon as agreement for ledge could be consummated with Isaac Barker. At present Mr. Barker declines to enter into such agreement and the whole matter remains in statu quo.

For some time the Newport Water Works have sought to obtain exemption from taxation on their water mains

JAMESTOWN.

The pleasures of our townspeople and summer visitors have been greatly enhanced the past week by the moon, picnic and driving parties that would have been abundant had they been confined to the heat of the day had been numerous by moonlight and full of merriment. Beavertail has been the popular rendezvous for these parties.

Mr. Emerson's cat boat and boat shed were in the Fall River regatta Wednesday.

Lieut. L. C. Logan, U. S. N., has been in New York this week attending to his duties as one of the board of inspectors of the new cruiser Bennington.

Quite a party of Newporters passed through here Wednesday enroute to Beavertail for a picnic.

A large number of our hotel and cottage guests have attended the National Lawn Tennis tournament at Newport Casino this week.

Many of our permanent and temporary residents went to Narragansett Pier Monday, attracted by a ball game between the Jamestown and Pier nines.

Mr. Daniel Watson has greatly improved the attractiveness and comfort of his residence at Mount Pleasant by the addition of a piazza.

The new road through the Watson lands from main street to the west shore is about completed.

Work upon the Conant Retainer is expected to be begun in earnest this fall.

The Jamestown Tennis Club will have a tournament beginning next Tuesday.

Mr. William Shepley and Mr. M. S. Holm have gone to Niagara Falls and Toronto, for a ten days' recreation. They will return the latter part of next week.

The infant son of Squire M. Chase, who has been a little sufferer from illness, nine months since, died Monday. Funeral services were held at the house Wednesday noon. The Rev. C. B. Cutler conducting them. Interment at Beavertail cemetery.

Frank Chedde, of Providence, is visiting his friend Joseph J. Potter.

Engene O. Shide, of Fall River, is building a summer cottage near the R. R. station.

LITTLE COMPTON.

Miss Hall, of Stebbenville, is the guest of Miss Edith Church.

Miss Edward Hunt and daughter Mildred are in town the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. White.

Edward Simmons and daughter of Boston are visiting the family of Alexander Simmons.

The Rev. W. D. Hart and wife, of Wilton, Conn., and Ethel Hart and Mrs. Shepherd are the guests of Nathaniel Church and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Providence, are occupying the William S. Church cottage.

Mr. Oliver Simmons, head bookkeeper of the Stearns, Guage Co., Boston, is taking a vacation in town.

Mrs. Charles H. Berryman, of Big Stone Gap, Va., and Mr. Thurberry, Berryman of Lexington, Ky., are visiting the family of Frederick R. Brownell.

At a meeting of the Town Council and Court of Probate the following business was transacted. Will of Anna Davol probated. Phebe S. Davol executrix. Inventory of Rosaline E. Dandell received. Account of Follen Beebe as guardian of Susan F. Manchester allowed and ordered recorded.

Noted that S. M. Jennings surveyor take up the bridge near Dennis R. Prints cranberry bog, also the bridge by John Hoxie's land.

The following bills were allowed and orders for payment given: S. M. Jennings, surveyor, \$17.75; Benjamin F. Wilbur, lumber and freight for town farm, \$26.90; George Bosworth and others, labor, \$51.15.

TIVERTON.
The infant son of Squire M. Chase, who has been a little sufferer from illness, nine months since, died Monday. Funeral services were held at the house Wednesday noon. The Rev. C. B. Cutler conducting them. Interment at Beavertail cemetery.

Ernest Manchester acted as pall bearer.

New Advertisements

AUCTION SALE OF
Live Stock, Hay, Farming Tools, etc.
ON TUESDAY, Sept. 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. will be sold at public auction, the stock, crops, implements, &c. of the late farm of Portsmouth, R. I., near Stone Bridge, comprising about 50 tons of hay, all under cover and in fine condition; 2 cows, a set of harness, 1 pair oxen, 5 years old, well matched and in hand; 1 Percheron stallion, 5 years old, registered standard, black, well broken and a sure getter; 1 imported French stallion, black, 10 years old; 1 bay mare, 10 years old and well broken (to be sold to the public); 1 bay gelding, 13 years old; 1 bay mare, 8 years old, trotting and of excellent quality; 1 chestnut mare, 7 years old (thoroughbred); 1 bay gelding, 10 years old; 1 imported Irish pony, 5 years old, well broken and accustomed to being used by children; 1 heavy two horse wagon; 1 dump wagon; 1 open buggy; 1 top water pump; 1 covered light, 42 ft. wagon, nearly new; 1 top wagon; 1 top buggy; 1 spring top buggy; 5 sets single harness; 2 sets double harness; 2 sets extra; 2 sets of harness (1 new); 2 bay rakes; 1 double pick-up with balling press; 1 two-horse tread power; 2 corn shellers; 1 corn planter; 1 machine for cutting horse feed; also plows, harrows, cultivators, and a variety of farming tools too numerous to mention. By order of J. H. HARRIS, Auctioneer, 62-22 W. 121st St., New York City.

THERE WILL BE

An Opportunity

Visit

Cottage City

The Celebrated Resort on Martha's Vineyard.

BY SPECIAL TRAIN.
Connecting at New Bedford with special boat (the new Steamer "Gay Head")

—ON—
Sunday, Aug. 23d.

For the accommodation of patrons wishing to visit this noted resort, a Special Passenger Train on the above date will leave

Newport, 8:30 a. m.
FARE - - \$1.25.
Returning, leave Cottage City at 4:30 p. m.

Tickets (the number of which will be limited) will be placed on sale Friday, August 21st, at 272 Thames street, at Station Ticket Office and will be good only on special train as above.

Old Colony Railroad.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.
Geo. L. COSSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.

A. C. TITUS & CO.

LOW PRICED DEALERS.

GRAND REDUCTION

On all Summer goods to make room for our Fall stock. We will offer Special and Superb reductions on all

Baby Carriages,
Refrigerators,
Lawn Settees,
Lawn Chairs

& Rockers,
Hammocks,
Water Filters,
Water Coolers,
Window Screens,
Straw Mattings, etc.

Our inducements in

House Furnishings

are unparalleled in the

History of the Trade.

Here you can furnish your houses from foundation to roof, selecting, whether inexpensive or the finest grades, from our LARGE AN ASSORTMENT as was ever offered in this section of the State.

Take time and

LOOK and BUY

where you can get the

Best Values.

OPEN EVENINGS.

A. C. Titus & Co.,

225 to 229

THAMES ST.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH,
Newport, R. I., Aug. 19, 1911.

The Board of Health takes this occasion of urging upon the public, the importance of caution in the use of drinking water, in order to prevent as far as possible the occurrence of the acute diseases of the digestive organs, which usually prevail at this season of the year and which are caused mainly by bad food, bad water and bad air. On account of the long continued drought and the consequent lowering of the water supply there is an unusual amount of organic impurities contained in the water. The Board would therefore recommend as a precautionary measure, that all drinking water be boiled, for at least half an hour, before being used.

G. F. BARKER, M. D.,
President Board of Health.
F. H. RASKIN, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.

Primary Meetings.

The republican electors of the city of Newport are requested to meet at the

STATE HOUSE

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Aug. 23d,

AT 8 O'CLOCK,

To nominate candidates for Mayor, Board of Aldermen, City Treasurer and four members of the School Committee to be voted for at the City Election on Wednesday, the 29th day of September, 1911.

And the republican electors of the several wards qualified to vote for Aldermen and Councilmen, are requested to meet in their respective ward rooms on

Thursday Ev'g, Aug. 27, '91

AT 8 O'CLOCK,

To nominate three Councilmen from their respective wards, to represent them in the Common Council of this city for the ensuing municipal year.

By order of the Republican City Committee.
ALBERT C. LANDISH, Chairman.
JOHN J. PECKHAM, Secretary.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of Little Compton, Rhode Island, guardian of the estate of JAMES H. ALMY, of Little Compton, R. I., a minor, under the age of fourteen years, and having been duly qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands against the said estate to present them within six months from date, and those indebted to make payment to him.

JOHN W. KELLE, Guardian.
Tiverton, Aug. 19, 1911.

NOTICE.

If you are looking for a position of any kind in the West we have vacancies for office work, store clerks, farm hands, and other positions too numerous to mention.

Address, enclosing stamp for reply, to
A. E. PERRY, R. 60,
1901 Union Avenue,
Kansas City, Mo.

A. C. LANDERS.

LAWN TENNIS GOODS

BASE BALL GOODS

CRICKET GOODS

ARCHERY

TENNIS MARKERS

TENTS

HAMMOCKS

HAMMOCK CHAIRS

SWINGS

BATTLEDORE AND SHUT-
TLECOCK

GRACE HOOPS

GARDEN SETS

SAIL BOATS

New Advertisements

Tubs. Tubs. Tubs.

Cannas, Sec. Cannas, Sec., about half price. Lots of tubs to select from cheap. We want to sell or let.

WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, 346 3rd St.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 14th day of August, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., the will of J. C. CUNNINGHAM, Guardian of the estate of

HERBERT LANTON, of Newport, deceased, presents his final account of administration on said estate, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 21st day of September, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the Newport Mercury once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
Probate Clerk.

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EDWIN S. BURDICK,
Probate Clerk.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

An Ordinance in amendment of an Ordinance providing for the weekly payment of wages to the employees of the city.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport, as follows:

Section 1. Section 2 of said Ordinance providing for the weekly payment of wages to the employees of the city, is hereby amended by striking out therefrom the words "The City of Newport," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "The City of Newport," and before the word "shall" the words "except the street cleaners," and before the word "and" the words "and before the word 'shall' the words 'except the street cleaners' shall not be in effect until the first day of September, 1911, and until the first day of September, 1912, and until the first day of September, 1913, and until the first day of September, 1914, and until the first day of September, 1915, and until the first day of September, 1916, and until the first day of September, 1917, and until the first day of September, 1918, and until the first day of September, 1919, and until the first day of September, 1920, and until the first day of September, 1921, and until the first day of September, 1922, and until the first day of September, 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